

Quiz: October 15

This is a closed-book quiz, and no team-work or reference materials are permitted.

- (1) According to the Central Limit Theorem, what are the mean and the standard deviation of the sampling distribution of sample proportions?
- (2) Pew Research polled a random sample of 900 U.S. teens about their Internet use. Of those teens, 540 admitted they had misrepresented their age online to access websites and online services. Construct a 90% confidence interval for the fraction of all U.S. teens who misrepresent their age online to access websites and online services.

Solution

- (1) Providing the conditions are met, according to the Central Limit Theorem, the sampling distribution of sample proportions will have:

mean = p = true proportion in the population under consideration

standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$, where n is the sample size.

- (2) Check conditions for the Central Limit Theorem.
 - (i) Independence: Reasonable to assume, since sample is random and its size is less than 10% of all U.S. teens.
 - (ii) Sample size: There are 540 successes and $900 - 540$ failures, both more than 10. So the sample size is large enough.

Computations:

Confidence interval = $\hat{p} \pm z^* \cdot ME$

Sampled proportion is $\hat{p} = \frac{540}{900} = 0.6$. Margin of Error = $z^* \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$

We want 90% confidence, so: $z^* = 1.65$.

Margin of Error = $1.65 \sqrt{\frac{0.6 \times (1 - 0.6)}{900}} = 1.65 \times 0.0163 = 0.0269$

Therefore, the confidence interval is: $0.6 \pm 0.0269 = [0.573, 0.627]$

Conclusion: With 90% confidence, the true proportion of all U.S. teens who will admit they misrepresented their age online to access websites and online services is between 0.573 and 0.627.

Grading: Total points possible = 5.

1.5 pt for (1): 0.5pt = correct mean; 1pt = correct SD.

3.5 pt for (2): 0.5+0.5pt = check conditions + correct \hat{p} .

1+1pt = compute correct ME + correct C.I.

0.5pt = state a correct conclusion.